

Scribed. Protect yourself and others by observing all safety information. Failure to comply with instructions could result in personal injury and/or property damage! Retain instructions for future reference. Domex, Centrifugal Roof, Direct & Belt Drive Exhausters

Please read and save these instructions. Read carefully before attempting to assemble, install, operate or maintain the product de-



# **Receiving and Handling**

PennBarry fans are carefully inspected before leaving the factory. When the unit is received, inspect the carton for any signs of tampering. Inspect the unit for any damage that may have occurred dur-ing transit and check for loose, missing or damaged parts. Mishandled units can void the warranty provisions. If units are damaged in transit, it is the responsibility of the receiver to make all claims against the carrier. PennBarry is not responsible for damages incurred during shipment.

Avoid severe jarring and/or dropping. Handle units with care to prevent damage to components or finishes. If the unit is scratched due to mishandling, the protective coating may be damaged. Incorrect lifting may damage the fan and void the warranty.

# Description

PennBarry roof-mounted ventilators are belt-driven centrifugal exhausters designed to meet air delivery requirements where steady exhaust is needed under moderate static pressure. Housings are of spun aluminum construction with built-in bird screen. Ventilators are furnished with self-aligning, pre-lubricated, ball bearing pillow blocks, spark proof aluminum wheels, and aluminum backdraft damper.

# Storage

Long-term storage requires special attention. Store units on a level, solid surface, preferably indoors. If outside storage is necessary, protect the units against moisture and dirt by encasing the cartons in plastic or in some similar weatherproof material. Periodically inspect units and rotate wheels to spread bearing lubricant. Failure to rotate wheels results in reduced bearing life and may void the manufacturer's warranty. If the unit will be stored for an extended time, remove belts. Belts which remain under tension in a stationary position for extended periods are like-ly to have a reduced operating life.

# Unpacking

Place the carton in an upright position and remove the staples or use a sharp (knife edge) tool to carefully cut or scribe the sealing tape on both sides at the top of the carton. Open carton flaps. Remove any cardboard and wooden filler pieces, as well as loose components or accessories shipped with the unit.

Carefully remove the unit from the carton. Inspect the unit for any damage that may have occurred during transit and check for loose, missing or damaged parts.

### Installation

**ANOTE** For Installation in high velocity Hurricane Zones, unit must be installed per instructions on page 4.

### **INSTALLING MOTORS**

In some instances, large frame motors may be shipped loose and require field mounting. If so, carefully review motor mounting installation procedures per Figure 1, Figure 2 and Figure 3.

# INSTALLING THE DAMPERS: ROOF MOUNTING

When required, install dampers prior to mounting the unit on the curb or frame. Secure dampers to the inside of the roof opening (preferred) or curb without undue twisting, which may distort the damper frame. Damper frame must be reasonably level on all sides. Check for free operation. If dampers are motor operated type, ascertain that proper voltage is impressed on motor terminals.

POSITIONING AND RUNNING POWER LINES: ROOF MOUNTING Power is normally brought from within the building through proper conduit lines and placed inside one corner of the curb. Feed power line through the clearance hole provided in the damper, if furnished, and in turn through the ventilator to the discon-nect switch, if furnished, and motor.

# **Figure 1: Motor Installation Procedures**



# **Figure 3: Motor Installation Procedures**



1401 North Plano Road, Richardson, Texas 75081 Phone: 972-234-3202 | Fax: 972-497-0441 When power lines are brought up to the unit, provide a generous amount of slack to allow for motor adjustments and to permit movement of motor for belt tension adjustments. Ground motor adequately and securely. Protect power lines from sharp objects. Do not kink power line or permit it to contact hot surfaces, chemi-cals, grease or oil. Use only UL recog-nized electrical parts, rated for proper voltage, load and environment. Check motor name plate.

### ANCHORING AND SECURING THE VENTILATOR: ROOF MOUNTING

Whenever possible, anchor the fan by fastening through the vertical portion of the mounting flange. The type, size and number of fasteners depends upon the unit size and curb construction. If code or specification prescribes fastening through the top (vertical portion) of the mounting flange, use neoprene or lead washers under the head of each fastener.

Guy down large units installed in areas subject to high winds or unusual field conditions. If the installer removes any ventilator parts to facilitate installation or electrical connections, reassemble all parts by replacing all spacers, washers, nuts, bolts, fasteners and components exactly as they were found prior to removal. Draw all fasteners tight and secure. Fasteners should be protected against corrosion.

### MOTOR INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

- Install motor pulley assembly (bracket if provided - type 3) with hardware provided through holes in motor mounting plate/frame. Keep driven pulley and drive pulley in line. (Do not tighten hardware).
- 2. Install belt over drive and driven pulleys, pull up on motor mounting plate/ bracket until belt is tight. Tighten motor plate hardware.
- Wire motor or plug harness connec-tor (from motor if equipped) into terminal socket at end of junction box. Unit is now ready to test to check for smooth operation.
- 4. See belt adjustment label, and Fig. 4, for more details.
- 5. Check for proper wheel rotation.

# **Start-Up and Operation**

Carefully inspect the unit before start-up. All motor bearings should be properly lubricated and all fasteners should be securely tightened. Rotate centrifugal wheel by hand to insure free movement.

### **CAUTION** on centrifugal wheel or belts, lock out power source.) Check all set-screws and keys. Tighten when necessary.

Check condition of belts and the amount of tension prior to start-up. DO NOT overtighten, as bearing damage will occur.

Recommended belt tension should permit deflection of 1/64" per inch of span. Exercise extreme care when adjusting belts as not to misalign the pulleys. Any misalignment will cause a sharp reduction in belt life and produce squeaky, annoying noises. On units equipped with two groove pulleys, adjust all belts with equal tension. Belts must be adjusted after approximately 40 hours of operation.

# Figure 4: Pulley Alignment & Tension



**A CAUTION** Whenever belts are removed or installed, never force belts over pulleys without loosening motor first to relieve belt tension.

Make sure inlets and approaches to the unit are free from obstruction. To assure maximum air movement, make sure adequate supply air is available to ventilated space.

Before putting fan into operation, complete the following check list:

- a. Turn off and LOCK OUT the power source.
- b. Make sure installation is in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- c. Check and tighten all fasteners.
- d. Spin centrifugal wheel to see if rotation is free.
- e. Check all set-screws and keys: tighten if necessary.

- f. Torqued set screws have a colored Torque Seal mark indicating the correct torque has been applied.
- g. Check belt or direct drive coupling for alignment (use recommended belt tension gauges).
- h. Check belt for proper sheave selection.
- i. Make sure there is no foreign or loose material in ductwork leading to and from fan or in the fan itself.
- j. Properly secure all safety guards.
- k. Secure all access doors to fan and ductwork.
- I. Check line voltage with motor nameplate.
- m. Check wiring.

(On single phase motors, the terminal block must be set up in accordance with the nameplate instructions and/or wiring diagram. This set up must match the line voltage. If the motor is multi-speed or multi-voltage, the winding leads must be grouped and connected as shown on the motor wiring diagram. The line voltage must correspond with proper grouping of motor leads. The wiring diagram must be followed explicitly or serious motor or starter damage will occur.) Don't operate at RPM higher than catalog.

The ventilator has been checked at the factory prior to shipment for mechanical noises. If mechanical noises should develop:

a. Check rotating components

for adequate clearance (wheel align-ment pr cedures are on page 7) and direction of rotation. CCW looking from drive side. b. Check proper belt tension and pulley

alignment.

- c. Check installation and anchoring.
- d. Check fan bearings.

Switch on electrical supply and allow fan to reach full speed.

Check carefully for Correct rotation of the centrifugal wheel.

**CAUTION** Incorrect rotation overloads motor severely and results in serious motor damage. To change rotation of three phase units, interchange any 2 of the 3 line leads. On single phase units, change the terminal block set-up following the wiring diagram on the motor. 2. Check motor and bearing temperatures for excessive heat.

**CAUTION** Use care when touch-ing the exterior of an operating motor. Modern motors normally run hot. They are designed to operate at higher temperatures. This is a normal con-dition but they may be hot enough to be painful or injurious to the touch.

If any problem is indicated, TURN OFF POWER TO UNIT IMMEDIATELY. Lock out the electrical supply, check carefully for the cause of the trouble and correct as needed. Even if the fan appears to be operating satisfactorily, shut down after a brief period and check all fasteners, setscrews and keys for tightness.

During the first eight (8) hours of operation, check the fan periodically for excessive vibration or noise. At this time, also check motor input current and motor bearing temperatures to insure that they do not exceed manufacturer's recommenda-tions. After eight hours of satisfactory operation, shut down the fan and lock out the electrical power to check the following items and adjust if necessary:

- a. All set-screws, keys and fasteners.
- b. Drive coupling alignment.
- c. Belt alignment.
- d. Belt tension.

# Maintenance

Do not attempt maintenance on fan until the electrical supply has been completely disconnected. If a disconnect switch has not been provided, remove all fuses from the circuit and lock the fuse panel so they cannot accidentally be replaced.

Lubrication is a primary maintenance responsibility. Check all bearings periodically. Inspect belts for tightness. If the fan is installed in a corrosive or dirty atmosphere, periodically clean the impeller, inlet and other moving parts.

# FAN SHAFT LUBRICATION

Fan shaft bearing pillow blocks are furnished in either the prelubricated sealedfor-life type or the greasable type depending on what was ordered. The prelubricat-ed type requires no servicing for 7 to 10 years of normal use and the greasable type are factory greased eliminating the need for greasing initially. Follow the lubri-cating schedule recommended by the fac-tory. When required, apply grease while the shaft is rotating. This practice should not supersede any safety considerations. **CAUTION** Use low pressure grease guns only. High pressure guns tend to blow out or unseat bearing seals, leaving the bearing open to collect grime, dust and foreign particles.

# LUBRICATION SCHEDULE

Always follow the bearing manufacturer's recommended lubrication schedule. If none is available us the following general schedule.

a. Under average conditions where ambient temperatures do not exceed  $120^{\circ}F.$ , lubrication is required 1 to 2 times a year.

b. Under dirt laden atmospheres or where there is a temperature range of  $120^{\circ}$ F to  $150^{\circ}$ F, lubrication is required from 3 to 6 times a year.

c. Under extreme temperature conditions and extremely dirty atmospheres, lubrication should be at least once or twice a month.

# **Table 1: Recommended Lubricants**

Manufacturer	Product	Temp. Range		
BP	LG-#P-1			
Gulf	Gulfcrown EP-1	Below 32° F (0° C)		
Imperial Oil	Unirex EP-1			
Shell	Alvania R-1			
BP	Energrease, MPMK11			
Gulf	Gulfcrown EP-2			
Imperial Oil	Unirex EP-2	32° F to 150° F		
Shell	Alvania R-3	(0 0 10 00 0)		
Sun Oil	Sun Prestige 42			
Texaco	Regal AFB2			

# MOTOR LUBRICATION

In general, standard motors are furnished with prelubricated, sealed-for-life ball bearings which require no lubrication for 7 to 10 years of normal service. Where motors have been ordered with greasable bearings, these bearings are factory lubricated and require no attention for one year under normal conditions. If grease relief fittings are provided, remove them when performing maintenance to allow grease to flow out. Whenever possible, apply grease while the motor is running. This practice should not supersede any safety considerations. DO NOT OVER GREASE, as most lubricants deteriorate motor windings, thereby reducing motor life.

# Hidden Danger

In addition to the normal dangers of rotating machinery, fans present an additional hazard in their ability to suck in not only air, but loose material as well. Solid objects can pass through the fan and be discharged by the impeller as potentially dangerous projectiles. Therefore, screen intake to ductwork, whenever possible, to prevent the accidental entrance of solid objects. Never open access doors to a duct system with the fan running.

When starting the fan for the first time, completely inspect the ductwork and inte-rior of the fan (with power locked off), to make certain there is no foreign material which can be sucked into or blown through the ductwork.

# Guards

All fans have moving parts which require guarding in the same way as other moving machinery.

Where the fan is accessible to untrained personnel or the general public, use maximum safety guards, even at the cost of some performance loss. Unprotected fans located less than 7' above the floor also require guarding as specified in the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA).

PennBarry recommends the use of guards on all exposed nonducted fans, ceiling and wall mounted.

Centrifugal fans may be connected directly to ductwork which will prevent contact with the internal moving parts, but when the inlet or outlet is exposed, install a suitable guard.



# Typical Concrete Slab Roof Installation



# **Typical Steel Framed Roof Installation**



# **Typical Wood Framed Roof Installation**



Installation Notes: All four sides of curb and base are anchored identically. Curb Notes: 18 gauge galvanized steel minimum, maximum height 18"

# **Troubleshooting Checklist**

Symptom	Po	ssible Cause(s)	Со	rrective Action
	1.	Defective or loose motor bearings	1.	Replace motor with same frame size, RPM, HP
Excessive noise	2.	Ventilator base not securely anchored	2.	Reset properly
	3.	Loose or unbalanced wheel/propeller	3.	Tighten screws, remove build-up, balance wheel/propeller
	4.	Misaligned pulleys or shaft	4.	correct alignment
	5.	Loose or damaged wheel/propeller	4.	Replace wheel/propeller
	6.	Wheel running in wrong direction	6.	Reverse direction
	1.	Blown fuse or open circuit breaker	1.	Replace fuses or circuit breaker
	2.	Loose or disconnected wiring	2.	Shut off power and check wiring for proper connections
Fan inoperative	3.	Defective motor	3.	Repair or replace motor
	4.	Broken belts	4.	Replace belts
	1.	Open access doors or loose sections of ducts	1.	Check for leakage
	2.	Cloaaed filters	2.	Clean filters
Insufficient airflow	3.	Operation in wrong direction	3.	Correct rotation of wheel
	4.	Insufficient make-up air direction	4.	Add make-up fan or louver opening
	1.	Fan installed with slope in the wrong direction	1.	Slope should be fitted in the direction of the drainage opening or grease collection box and drain spout
Water leaking	2.	Clogged drain spout	2.	Clean drain spout
collection of grease under fan	3.	Cooling tube or motor dome top removed	3.	Install new cooling tube with gasket and dome top
	4.	Grease container full	4.	Empty grease box
	1.	Belt slippage	1.	Adjust tension or replace bad belts
	2.	Overvoltage or under voltage	2.	Contact power supply company
	3.	Operation in wrong direction	3.	Reverse direction of motor
	4.	Fan speed too high	4.	Slow down fan by opening variable pitch pulley on motor shaft
Motor overheating	5.	Incorrect motor (service factor 1.0, low ambient temperature)	5.	Replace motor with correct open, NEMA service factors (1.15 or higher) with 40 degrees ambient
	6.	Blocked cooling tube or leaky gasket	6.	Remove blockage and seal cooling tube in place
	7.	Insufficient airflow to kitchen hood fan operating on low speed with kitchen in full operation	7.	Check airflow under hood and adjust kitchen equipment output
	8.	Undersized motor	8.	Check motor ratings with catalog speed and air capacity chart

Note: Care should be taken to follow all local electrical, safety and building codes. Provisions of the National Electric Code (NEC), as wells as the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) should be followed.

All motors are checked prior to shipment. If motor defects should develop, prompt service can be obtained from the nearest authorized service station of the motor manufacturer while under warranty. Exchange, repair or replacement will be provided on a no charge basis if the motor is defective within the warranty period. The PennBarry representative in your area will provide a name and address of an authorized service station if requested. WARNING: Motor guarantee is void unless overload protection is provided in motor wiring circuit.

# Direct Drive Models DXO6R, DXO8S/R, 10S/R, 11S/R, 11Q, 13V/S/R, 13Q, 16V/S/R, Q1 & Q2

Figure 5:

(Left Image) DX06R, DX08S/R, 10S/R, 11S/R, 11Q, 13V/S/R & 13Q (Right Image) DX16V/S/R, Q1 & Q2



Part	Description
1	Hood Apron
2	Top Plate
3	Brace
4	Conduit Pipe
5	Base
6	Wheel
7	Screen
8	Motor
9	Screen Clip
10	Acorn Nut
11	1/4-20 Nut
12	1/4-20 Bolt
13	Washer
14	Backdraft Damper
15	Venturi

Direct Drive Models					
Fan Size	Base Dim.				
6	18.5				
8	18.5				
10	18.5				
11	18.5				
13	18.5				
16	20.5				

Fan Base Dimensions (outside curb dimension should be 1" smaller than inside fan base dimension)

Figure 6: DXO6B, O8B

# Belt Drive Models DX06B-36B, KB, JB & MB

# 

# Figure 7: DX11B



# Figure 8: KB, JB, MB



# Figure 9: DX11BA thru DX36B



Maximum Fan RPM and Motor Horsepower Size Belt Drive Models													
Fan Size	06B	08B	11B(A)	12B	14B	16B	18B	24B	30B	36B	KB	JB	MB
Max Safe RPM	1437	1437	1575	2007	1793	1631	1326	1275	988	810	600	480	440
Motor Frame Size	42	42	56	56	56	145T	145T	184T	184T	213T	213T	215T	254T

1Hood2Top Plate Apron3Vertical Brace4Conduit Pipe5Base Venturi6Centrifugal Wheel7Screen	
2 Top Plate Apron   3 Vertical Brace   4 Conduit Pipe   5 Base Venturi   6 Centrifugal Wheel   7 Screen	
3 Vertical Brace   4 Conduit Pipe   5 Base Venturi   6 Centrifugal Wheel   7 Screen	
4 Conduit Pipe   5 Base Venturi   6 Centrifugal Wheel   7 Screen	
5     Base Venturi       6     Centrifugal Wheel       7     Screen	
6 Centrifugal Wheel 7 Screen	
7 Screen	
8 Motor	
9 Shaft	
10 Motor Bearing Frame	
11 Motor Frame Support Angle	
12 Hood Mounting Lug	
13 Screen Clip	
14 Top Plate	
15 Base	
16 Venturi	
17 Apron	
18 Junction Box	
19 Junction Box Cover	
20 Baffle	
21 Bearings	
22 1/4-20 Nut	
23 Rubber Bushing	
24 Bolt Clip	
25 Backdraft Damper	
26 Bearing Support Plate	
27 Motor Support Plate	
28 Motor Pulley	
29 Fan Pulley	
30 Belt	

Belt Drive	Belt Drive Models						
Fan Size	Base Dim.						
06B	18.5						
08B	18.5						
11B(A)	20.5						
12B	24.75						
14B	24.75						
16B	28.5						
18B	28.5						
24B	33.5						
30B	36.5						
36B	44.5						
KB	52.5						
JB	59						
MB	63.5						

Max

# **Wheel Alignment Procedures**

# Figure 10



10. Mounting Base

12. Aluminum Bird Screen

11. Conduit Guide (Not for Exp. Motor)

# **Direct Drive - Explosion Proof Motor**

# Spun Aluminum Centrifugal Roof Exhauster



- 1. Motor Dome
- 2. Motor Hood Top (For Exp. Motor)
- 3. Top Plate
- 4. Discharge Apron
- 5. Structural Support Braces

# Legend

- 6. Motor Mounting Plate
- 7. Motor (Exp. Motor)
- 8. Centrifugal Fan Wheel with Cooling Vanes
- 9. Spun Venturi

# **Dimensional Data**

	DX08Q	DX10Q	DX11Q	DX13Q	DX16Q
L <sup>DIA.</sup>	20 7/8	20 7/8	20 7/8	21 7/16	28 1/2
HEXP. MOTOR	18	19	19	19	26 11/16
+ Outside dimension	All di	mensions in inches.			

† Outside dimension of curb should be 1 1/2" less than 'E' dimension

# Material: Spun Aluminum Housing

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# Wiring Harness - Disconnect Device

# **O.D.P. Motors (ITW Harness) 115/220 Single Phase**



- Terminal socket has two 8" long pigtails already stripped. Make connection to power lines using proper size wire nuts and fold wires back into box.
- 5. Replace junction box cover and secure in place with screw.
- 6. Plug harness connector (from motor) into terminal socket at end of junction box. Unit is now ready to test.

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# **Limited One Year Warranty**

# What Products Are Covered

PennBarry Fans and Ventilators (each, a "PennBarry Product")

# **One Year Limited Warranty For PennBarry Products**

PennBarry warrants to the original commercial purchaser that the PennBarry Products will be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year from the date of shipment.

# **Exclusive Remedy**

PennBarry will, at its option, repair or replace (without removal or installation) the affected components of any defective PennBarry Product; repair or replace (without removal or installation) the entire defective PennBarry Product; or refund the invoice price of the PennBarry Product. In all cases, a reasonable time period must be allowed for warranty repairs to be completed.

# What You Must Do

In order to make a claim under these warranties:

- 1. You must be the original commercial purchaser of the PennBarry Product.
- 2. You must promptly notify us, within the warranty period, of any defect and provide us with any substantiation that we may reasonably request.
- 3. The PennBarry Product must have been installed and maintained in accordance with good industry practice and any specific PennBarry recommendations.

# Exclusions

These warranties do not cover defects caused by:

1. Improper design or operation of the system into which the PennBarry Product is incorporated.

- 2. Improper installation.
- 3. Accident, abuse or misuse.
- 4. Unreasonable use (including any use for non-commercial purposes, failure to provide reasonable and necessary maintenance as specified by PennBarry, misapplication and operation in excess of stated performance characteristics).
- 5. Components not manufactured by PennBarry.

# Limitations

- 1. In all cases, PennBarry reserves the right to fully satisfy its obligations under the Limited Warranties by refunding the invoice price of the defective PennBarry Product (or, if the PennBarry Product has been discontinued, of the most nearly comparable current product).
- 2. PennBarry reserves the right to furnish a substitute or replacement component or product in the event a PennBarry Product or any component of the product is discontinued or otherwise unavailable.
- 3. PennBarry's only obligation with respect to components not manufactured by PennBarry shall be to pass through the warranty made by the manufacturer of the defective component.

# General

The foregoing warranties are exclusive and in lieu of all other warranties except that of title, whether written, oral or implied, in fact or in law (including any warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose).

PennBarry hereby disclaims any liability for special, punitive, indirect, incidental or consequential damages, including without limitation lost profits or revenues, loss of use of equipment, cost of capital, cost of substitute products, facilities or services, downtime, shutdown or slowdown costs.

The remedies of the original commercial purchaser set forth herein are exclusive and the liability of PennBarry with respect to the PennBarry Products, whether in contract, tort, warranty, strict liability or other legal theory shall not exceed the invoice price charged by PennBarry to its customer for the affected PennBarry Product at the time the claim is made.

Inquiries regarding these warranties should be sent to: PennBarry, 1401 North Plano Road, Richardson, TX 75081.